# Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program Model Dwelling Lease

Notice: This model dwelling lease is made available for owners who do not utilize a standard lease form for unassisted tenants.

1.	PARTIES.	The parties to this lease are the	"Owner"
	and the "Ter	ant"	

- 2. HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS. The only members of the household who shall reside in the unit are those specifically named on the Housing Assistance Payment Contract between the Owner and the Housing Agency, in accordance with the information supplied by the family; household members added by birth, adoption or court ordered custody; and those as may be hereafter approved in writing by the Owner and the Housing Agency.
- **3. PROPERTY.** The Owner rents the following unit to the Tenant:

Number	Street	Apartment #	City/Town	Zip Code

**4. UTILITIES & APPLIANCES.** Payment of utilities and the provision of appliances is the responsibility of either the Owner or Tenant as indicated on the following chart.

UTILITIES	Owner	Tenant	OTHER	Owner	Tenant
Water <sup>1</sup>			Trash removal		
Sewage disposal			Stove		
Heat			Refrigerator		
Hot water			Air		
			conditioning		
Electricity			Lawn care		
Cooking fuel			Snow removal	X	
Common areas	X		Other		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In most instances the landlord must pay for water and sewer charges. Only if the landlord has met all the requirements of M.G.L. c.186 §22 (separate meter, installation of low-flow conservation devices, certain billing arrangements, etc) can the tenant be held responsible for water and sewer charges.

5.	RENT.	The total F	Rent to Owner	r is \$	per month.	
Tenan regula Any ch Agency	t rent is o tions and nange in	determined I requireme the Tenant	by the Housi ents and is su rent will be s	ng Agency, bject to cha tated in a w	in accordance ange during the critten notice b	e term of the lease.
	-	_	1 0	, <b>.</b>	the Owner by the Tenant rent.	the Housing Agency,

6. TER	<b>M</b> . The initial	term of this lease is	for a peri	od of <u><b>12</b></u> months,
beginning of	on, <b>20</b>	and ending on	, <b>20</b>	unless there is an
earlier term	ination pursua	nt to the terms and	condition	s of this Lease or Tenancy
Addendum.	This Lease wi	ll automatically self-	-extend at	the end of the initial and
each succes	ssive lease term	under the same ter	rms and c	onditions as the initial
,	<b>.</b>			year all subsequent terms
			e in full fo	rce and effect unless and
until others	vise terminated	by:		

- a) the Owner or Tenant as provided in Section 10 below; or
- b) mutual agreement during the initial or extended term of the Lease; or
- c) the Housing Agency because the HAP Contract has been terminated.

## **7. TENANT FAMILY OBLIGATIONS**. The family shall:

- a) Pay rent when due.
- b) Maintain the unit in a clean and sanitary condition.
- c) Not alter the unit without the Owner's permission (includes changing or adding locks).
- d) Not damage the unit, common areas or grounds.
- e) Be responsible and pay for damages caused by the family or any guest of the household.
- f) Not engage in or permit any unlawful activity in the unit, common area or grounds.
- g) Not make or permit guests to make noises or acts which disturb the quiet, security or welfare of other occupants.
- h) Remove all personal property when moving out of unit, leave the dwelling unit as clean as when the tenancy began (reasonable wear and tear excepted), and return keys promptly to Owner.
- i) Upon reasonable notice, allow Owner to enter dwelling unit in order to inspect the premises, to make repairs thereto, or to show unit to a prospective tenant or purchaser. The Tenant will not be unreasonable in denying entry. The Owner may also enter upon the premises without prior consent if it appears to have been abandoned by the Tenant or in the case of an emergency.

## **8. OWNER OBLIGATIONS**. The Owner shall:

a) Maintain the dwelling unit, equipment and owner-supplied appliances, and common areas and facilities, to provide decent safe and sanitary housing in accordance with Owner's obligations under HUD's Housing Quality Standards for the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher program and with DHCD's Section 8 Inspection Requirements, including the provision of all the services,

- maintenance and utilities set forth in the LEASE. Owner shall make repairs within a reasonable period of time.
- b) Provide reasonable notice to the Tenant prior to inspecting or repairing the unit. If emergency entry is made, the Tenant shall be notified.
- 9. SECURITY DEPOSIT. The total amount of the security deposit, which may be collected in increments, is \$\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The owner will comply with Massachusetts General Law Chapter 186 regarding the acceptance of a security deposit from a Tenant, and shall not collect a security deposit which is more than one month's contract rent. After the Tenant has moved from the dwelling unit, the Owner may (subject to State and local law) use the security deposit, including any interest on the deposit, as reimbursement for any unpaid tenant rent or other amounts which the Tenant owes under the Lease. The Owner will give the Tenant a written list of all items charged against the security deposit and the amount of each item. After deducting the amount used as reimbursement to the Owner, the Owner shall promptly refund the full amount of the balance to the Tenant. By law, the Owner is required to provide a Statement of Condition when a security deposit is collected.
- **10. NOTICES**. All notices required by this Lease and Addendum shall be in writing and shall be delivered to the other party by mailing or hand delivery. Notices shall be sent to the following addresses.

To the Owner.	To the Tenant:	To a third party designated by the Tenant:

## 10 A. Termination of tenancy by Tenant.

- 1) During the initial term of the lease, the Tenant may terminate the tenancy only by mutual agreement with the Owner, or when there is good cause demonstrated by a verifiable threat to the life or safety of a household member, (such as victims of hate crimes, rape, sexual assault, domestic violence or stalking).
- 2) The Tenant may elect not to extend the lease at the end of the initial term, or at the end of any subsequent term, by giving the Owner written notice of the election not to extend. Such notice must be given at least thirty (30) days or a rental period in advance of the last day of the lease term, whichever is greater.
- 3) After the initial term of the lease, Tenant may terminate the lease for other good cause, by giving Owner advance written notice at least 30 days or a rental period in advance whichever is greater. Other good cause may include, but is not limited to, the following:
  - i) A verifiable educational, employment or health reason, (health reason includes the need to be closer to family members who are ill or disabled and need assistance).
  - ii) A change in household composition resulting in a family being either overhoused or overcrowded as defined by Housing Quality Standards, iii) Verifiable domestic violence, dating violence, stalking or being a victir
  - iii) Verifiable domestic violence, dating violence, stalking or being a victim or witness to violent crime resulting in the need to be relocated.

## 10 B. Termination of tenancy by Owner.

- 1) During the initial and any subsequent term of the lease, the Owner may terminate the lease only for the grounds specified in the Tenancy Addendum. The Owner must give the Tenant at least fourteen (14) days notice for nonpayment of rent, and at least thirty (30) days notice for termination based on other grounds. The notice must specify the grounds for termination. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Owner may immediately terminate this Lease for any act or conduct of the Tenant, household member or guest which thereby entitles the Owner to evict or enjoin the Tenant under Massachusetts General Laws, Chapter 139, Section 19, by a written notice specifying the grounds therefore.
- 2) The Owner may elect not to extend the lease at the end of the initial term, or at the end of any subsequent term, by giving the Tenant written notice of the election not to extend. The Owner need not have, and need not specify, any grounds for such election. Such notice must be given at least 30 days or a rental period in advance of the last day of the lease term, whichever is greater.

11.	OTHER LEASE PROVISIONS.	

**12. ENTIRE AGREEMENT**. The attached Tenancy Addendum (Form HUD 52641-A) is hereby incorporated herein and made a part of this Lease agreement. If there is any conflict between any of the provisions of this Lease and the provisions of the Tenancy Addendum, the provisions of the Tenancy Addendum shall prevail. The Tenancy Addendum is required by HUD and cannot be altered. This Lease with attached Tenancy Addendum constitutes the entire agreement between the parties.

## 13. SIGNATURES

Print or Type Name of Tenant		Print or Type Name of Owner	
Signature	Date	Signature	Date
		Print or Type Name and Title of Sign	natory

# TENANCY ADDENDUM **Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance Housing Choice Voucher Program**

(To be attached to Tenant Lease)

# **U.S. Department of Housing** and Urban Development

Office of Public and Indian Housing

OMB Approval No. 2577-0169 exp. 7/31/2022

The Tenancy Addendum is part of the HAP contract and lease. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.5 hours. This includes the time for collection, reviewing and reporting the data. The information is being collected as required by 24 CFR 982.451 which in part states the PHA must pay the housing assistance payment promptly. This agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless there is a valid OMB number. Assurances of confidentiality are not provided under this section.

HUD is committed to protecting the privacy of an individual's information stored electronically or in paper form in accordance with federal privacy laws, guidance and best practices. HUD expects its third-party business partners including Public Housing Authorities who collect, use, maintain, or disseminate HUD information to protect the privacy of that information in accordance with applicable law.

# 1. Section 8 Voucher Program

- a. The owner is leasing the contract unit to the tenant for occupancy by the tenant's family with assistance for a tenancy under the Section 8 housing choice voucher program (voucher program) of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).
- b. The owner has entered into a Housing Assistance Payments Contract (HAP contract) with the PHA under the voucher program. Under the HAP contract, the PHA will make housing assistance payments to the owner to assist the tenant in leasing the unit from the owner.

#### 2. Lease

- a. The owner has given the PHA a copy of the lease, including any revisions agreed by the owner and the tenant. The owner certifies that the terms of the lease are in accordance with all provisions of the HAP contract and that the lease includes the tenancy addendum.
- b. The tenant shall have the right to enforce the tenancy addendum against the owner. If there is any conflict between the tenancy addendum and any other provisions of the lease, the language of the tenancy addendum shall control.

## 3. Use of Contract Unit

- a. During the lease term, the family will reside in the contract unit with assistance under the voucher program.
- b. The composition of the household must be approved by the PHA. The family must promptly inform the PHA of the birth, adoption or court-awarded custody of a child. Other persons may not be added to the household without prior written approval of the owner and the PHA.
- c. The contract unit may only be used for residence by the PHAapproved household members. The unit must be the family's only residence. Members of the household may engage in legal profit making activities incidental to primary use of the unit for residence by members of the family.
- d. The tenant may not sublease or let the unit.
- e. The tenant may not assign the lease or transfer the unit.

## Rent to Owner

- a. The initial rent to owner may not exceed the amount approved by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.
- b. Changes in the rent to owner shall be determined by the provisions of the lease. However, the owner may not raise the rent during the initial term of the lease.
- c. During the term of the lease (including the initial term of the lease and any extension term), the rent to owner may at no time exceed:

- (1) The reasonable rent for the unit as most recently determined or redetermined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements, or
- Rent charged by the owner for comparable unassisted units in the premises.

## 5. Family Payment to Owner

- a. The family is responsible for paying the owner any portion of the rent to owner that is not covered by the PHA housing assistance payment.
- b. Each month, the PHA will make a housing assistance payment to the owner on behalf of the family in accordance with the HAP contract. The amount of the monthly housing assistance payment will be determined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements for a tenancy under the Section 8 voucher program.
- c. The monthly housing assistance payment shall be credited against the monthly rent to owner for the contract unit.
- d. The tenant is not responsible for paying the portion of rent to owner covered by the PHA housing assistance payment under the HAP contract between the owner and the PHA. A PHA failure to pay the housing assistance payment to the owner is not a violation of the lease. The owner may not terminate the tenancy for nonpayment of the PHA housing assistance payment.
- e. The owner may not charge or accept, from the family or from any other source, any payment for rent of the unit in addition to the rent to owner. Rent to owner includes all housing services, maintenance, utilities and appliances to be provided and paid by the owner in accordance with the lease.
- f. The owner must immediately return any excess rent payment to the tenant.

## 6. Other Fees and Charges

- a. Rent to owner does not include cost of any meals or supportive services or furniture which may be provided by
- b. The owner may not require the tenant or family members to pay charges for any meals or supportive services or furniture which may be provided by the owner. Nonpayment of any such charges is not grounds for termination of tenancy.
- c. The owner may not charge the tenant extra amounts for items customarily included in rent to owner in the locality, or provided at no additional cost to unsubsidized tenants in the premises.

# 7. Maintenance, Utilities, and Other Services

#### a. Maintenance

- (1) The owner must maintain the unit and premises in accordance with the HOS.
- (2) Maintenance and replacement (including redecoration) must be in accordance with the standard practice for the building concerned as established by the owner.

## b. Utilities and appliances

- (1) The owner must provide all utilities needed to comply with the HQS.
- (2) The owner is not responsible for a breach of the HQS caused by the tenant's failure to:
  - Pay for any utilities that are to be paid by the tenant.
  - Provide and maintain any appliances that are (b) to be provided by the tenant.
- c. Family damage. The owner is not responsible for a breach of the HQS because of damages beyond normal wear and tear caused by any member of the household or by a guest.
- d. Housing services. The owner must provide all housing services as agreed to in the lease.

# 8. Termination of Tenancy by Owner

- a. **Requirements**. The owner may only terminate the tenancy in accordance with the lease and HUD requirements.
- b. Grounds. During the term of the lease (the initial term of the lease or any extension term), the owner may only terminate the tenancy because of:
  - (1) Serious or repeated violation of the lease;
  - (2) Violation of Federal, State, or local law that imposes obligations on the tenant in connection with the occupancy or use of the unit and the premises;
  - (3) Criminal activity or alcohol abuse (as provided in paragraph c); or
  - (4) Other good cause (as provided in paragraph d).

#### c. Criminal activity or alcohol abuse

- (1) The owner may terminate the tenancy during the term of the lease if any member of the household, a guest or another person under a resident's control commits any of the following types of criminal activity:
  - Any criminal activity that threatens the health or safety of, or the right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by, other residents (including property management staff residing on the premises);
  - (b) Any criminal activity that threatens the health or safety of, or the right to peaceful enjoyment of their residences by, persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises;
  - (c) Any violent criminal activity on or near the premises; or
  - (d) Any drug-related criminal activity on or near the premises.
- (2) The owner may terminate the tenancy during the term of the lease if any member of the household is:

- (a) Fleeing to avoid prosecution, or custody or confinement after conviction, for a crime, or attempt to commit a crime, that is a felony under the laws of the place from which the individual flees, or that, in the case of the State of New Jersey, is a high misdemeanor: or
- (b) Violating a condition of probation or parole under Federal or State law.
- (3) The owner may terminate the tenancy for criminal activity by a household member in accordance with this section if the owner determines that the household member has committed the criminal activity, regardless of whether the household member has been arrested or convicted for such
- (4) The owner may terminate the tenancy during the term of the lease if any member of the household has engaged in abuse of alcohol that threatens the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.

#### d. Other good cause for termination of tenancy

- (1) During the initial lease term, other good cause for termination of tenancy must be something the family did or failed to do.
- (2) During the initial lease term or during any extension term, other good cause may include:
  - (a) Disturbance of neighbors,
  - (b) Destruction of property, or
  - (c) Living or housekeeping habits that cause damage to the unit or premises.
- (3) After the initial lease term, such good cause may include:
  - (a) The tenant's failure to accept the owner's offer of a new lease or revision:
  - (b) The owner's desire to use the unit for personal or family use or for a purpose other than use as a residential rental unit; or
  - (c) A business or economic reason for termination of the tenancy (such as sale of the property, renovation of the unit, the owner's desire to rent the unit for a higher rent).
- (4) The examples of other good cause in this paragraph do not preempt any State or local laws to the contrary.

# 9. Protections for Victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking

- a. Purpose: This section incorporates the protections for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking in accordance with subtitle N of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994, as amended (codified as amended at 42 U.S.C. 14043e et seq.) (VAWA) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 5, subpart L.
- b. Conflict with other Provisions: In the event of any conflict between this provision and any other provisions included in Part C of the HAP contract, this provision shall prevail.
- c. Effect on Other Protections: Nothing in this section shall be construed to supersede any provision of any Federal, State, or local law that provides greater protection than this section for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

- d. **Definition:** As used in this Section, the terms "actual and imminent threat," "affiliated individual", "bifurcate", "dating violence," "domestic violence," "sexual assault," and "stalking" are defined in HUD's regulations at 24 CFR part 5, subpart L. The terms "Household" and "Other Person Under the Tenant's Control" are defined at 24 CFR part 5, subpart A.
- e. VAWA Notice and Certification Form: The PHA shall provide the tenant with the "Notice of Occupancy Rights under VAWA and the certification form described under 24 CFR 5.2005(a)(1) and (2).

# f. Protection for victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking:

- (1) The landlord or the PHA will not deny admission to, deny assistance under, terminate from participation in, or evict the Tenant on the basis of or as a direct result of the fact that the Tenant is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, if the Tenant otherwise qualifies for admission, assistance, participation, or occupancy. 24 CFR 5.2005(b)(1).
- (2) The tenant shall not be denied tenancy or occupancy rights solely on the basis of criminal activity engaged in by a member of the Tenant's Household or any guest or Other Person Under the Tenant's Control, if the criminal activity is directly related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and the Tenant or an Affiliated Individual of the Tenant is the victim or the threatened victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. 24 CFR 5.2005(b)(2).
- (3) An incident or incidents of actual or threatened domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking will not be construed as serious or repeated violations of the lease by the victim or threatened victim of the incident. Nor shall it not be construed as other "good cause" for termination of the lease, tenancy, or occupancy rights of such a victim or threatened victim. 24 CFR 5.2005(c)(1) and (c)(2).
- g. Compliance with Court Orders: Nothing in this Addendum will limit the authority of the landlord, when notified by a court order, to comply with the court order with respect to the rights of access or control of property (including civil protection orders issued to protect a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking) or with respect to the distribution or possession of property among members of the Tenant's Household. 24 CFR 5.2005(d)(1).
- h. Violations Not Premised on Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking: Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit any otherwise available authority of the Landlord to evict or the public housing authority to terminate the assistance of a Tenant for any violation not premised on an act of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking that is in question against the Tenant or an Affiliated Individual of the Tenant. However, the Landlord or the PHA will not subject the tenant, who is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, to a more demanding standard than other tenants in determining whether to evict or terminate assistance. 24 CFR 5.2005(d)(2).

#### i. Actual and Imminent Threats:

- (1) Nothing in this section will be construed to limit the authority of the Landlord to evict the Tenant if the Landlord can demonstrate that an "actual and imminent threat" to other tenants or those employed at or providing service to the property would be present if the Tenant or lawful occupant is not evicted. In this context, words, gestures, actions, or other indicators will be construed as an actual and imminent threat if they meet the following standards for an actual and imminent threat: "Actual and imminent threat" refers to a physical danger that is real, would occur within an immediate time frame, and could result in death or serious bodily harm. In determining whether an individual would pose an actual and imminent threat, the factors to be considered include: the duration of the risk, the nature and severity of the potential harm, the likelihood that the potential harm will occur, and the length of time before the potential harm would occur. 24 CFR 5.2005(d)(3).
- (2) If an actual and imminent threat is demonstrated, eviction should be used only when there are no other actions that could be taken to reduce or eliminate the threat, including, but not limited to, transferring the victim to a different unit, barring the perpetrator from the property, contacting law enforcement to increase police presence, developing other plans to keep the property safe, or seeking other legal remedies to prevent the perpetrator from acting on a threat. Restrictions predicated on public safety cannot be based on stereotypes, but must be tailored to particularized concerns about individual residents. 24 CFR 5.2005(d)(4).
- j. Emergency Transfer: A tenant who is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking may request an emergency transfer in accordance with the PHA's emergency transfer plan. 24 CFR 5.2005(e). The PHA's emergency transfer plan must be made available upon request, and incorporate strict confidentiality measures to ensure that the PHA does not disclose a tenant's dwelling unit location to a person who committed or threatened to commit an act of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking against the tenant;
  - For transfers in which the tenant would not be considered a new applicant, the PHA must ensure that a request for an emergency transfer receives, at a minimum, any applicable additional priority that is already provided to other types of emergency transfer requests. For transfers in which the tenant would be considered a new applicant, the plan must include policies for assisting a tenant with this transfer.
- k. Bifurcation: Subject to any lease termination requirements or procedures prescribed by Federal, State, or local law, if any member of the Tenant's Household engages in criminal activity directly relating to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, the Landlord may "bifurcate" the Lease, or remove that Household member from the Lease, without regard to whether that Household member is a signatory to the Lease, in order to evict, remove, or terminate the occupancy rights of that Household member without evicting, removing, or otherwise penalizing the victim of the criminal activity who is also a tenant or lawful occupant. Such eviction, removal, termination of occupancy rights, or termination of assistance shall be effected in accordance with the procedures prescribed by Federal, State, and local law for the termination of leases or assistance under the housing choice voucher program. 24 CFR 5.2009(a).

If the Landlord bifurcates the Lease to evict, remove, or terminate assistance to a household member, and that household member is the sole tenant eligible to receive assistance, the landlord shall provide any remaining tenants or residents a period of 30 calendar days from the date of bifurcation of the lease to:

- Establish eligibility for the same covered housing program under which the evicted or terminated tenant was the recipient of assistance at the time of bifurcation of the lease;
- (2) Establish eligibility under another covered housing program; or
- (3) Find alternative housing.
- Family Break-up: If the family break-up results from an occurrence of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, the PHA must ensure that the victim retains assistance. 24 CFR 982.315.
- m. Move with Continued Assistance: The public housing agency may not terminate assistance to a family or member of the family that moves out of a unit in violation of the lease, with or without prior notification to the public housing agency if such a move occurred to protect the health or safety of a family member who is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking; and who reasonably believed they were imminently threatened by harm from further violence if they remained in the dwelling unit, or if any family member has been the victim of sexual assault that occurred on the premises during the 90-calendar-day period preceding the family's request to move.
  - The move is needed to protect the health or safety of the family or family member who is or has been a victim of domestic violence dating violence, sexual assault or stalking; and
  - (2) The family or member of the family reasonably believes that he or she was threatened with imminent harm from further violence if he or she remained in the dwelling unit. However, any family member that has been the victim of a sexual assault that occurred on the premises during the 90-calendar day period preceding the family's move or request to move is not required to believe that he or she was threatened with imminent harm from further violence if he or she remained in the dwelling unit. 24 CFR 982.354.

## n. Confidentiality.

- (1) The Landlord shall maintain in strict confidence any information the Tenant (or someone acting on behalf of the Tenant) submits to the Landlord concerning incidents of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking, including the fact that the tenant is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.
- (2) The Landlord shall not allow any individual administering assistance on its behalf, or any persons within its employ, to have access to confidential information unless explicitly authorized by the Landlord for reasons that specifically call for these individuals to have access to the information pursuant to applicable Federal, State, or local law.
- (3) The Landlord shall not enter confidential information into any shared database or disclose such information to any other entity or individual, except to the extent that the disclosure is requested or consented to in writing by the individual in a time-limited release; required for use in an eviction proceeding; or is required by applicable law.

## 10. Eviction by court action

The owner may only evict the tenant by a court action.

# 11. Owner notice of grounds

- a. At or before the beginning of a court action to evict the tenant, the owner must give the tenant a notice that specifies the grounds for termination of tenancy. The notice may be included in or combined with any owner eviction notice.
- b. The owner must give the PHA a copy of any owner eviction notice at the same time the owner notifies the tenant.
- Eviction notice means a notice to vacate, or a complaint or other initial pleading used to begin an eviction action under State or local law.

## 12. Lease: Relation to HAP Contract

If the HAP contract terminates for any reason, the lease terminates automatically.

## 13. PHA Termination of Assistance

The PHA may terminate program assistance for the family for any grounds authorized in accordance with HUD requirements. If the PHA terminates program assistance for the family, the lease terminates automatically.

## 14. Family Move Out

The tenant must notify the PHA and the owner before the family moves out of the unit.

# 15. Security Deposit

- a. The owner may collect a security deposit from the tenant. (However, the PHA may prohibit the owner from collecting a security deposit in excess of private market practice, or in excess of amounts charged by the owner to unassisted tenants. Any such PHA-required restriction must be specified in the HAP contract.)
- b. When the family moves out of the contract unit, the owner, subject to State and local law, may use the security deposit, including any interest on the deposit, as reimbursement for any unpaid rent payable by the tenant, any damages to the unit or any other amounts that the tenant owes under the lease.
- c. The owner must give the tenant a list of all items charged against the security deposit, and the amount of each item. After deducting the amount, if any, used to reimburse the owner, the owner must promptly refund the full amount of the unused balance to the tenant.
- d. If the security deposit is not sufficient to cover amounts the tenant owes under the lease, the owner may collect the balance from the tenant.

## 16. Prohibition of Discrimination

In accordance with applicable equal opportunity statutes, Executive Orders, and regulations, the owner must not discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, familial status or disability in connection with the lease. Eligibility for HUD's programs must be made without regard to actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identity, or marital status.

## 17. Conflict with Other Provisions of Lease

- a. The terms of the tenancy addendum are prescribed by HUD in accordance with Federal law and regulation, as a condition for Federal assistance to the tenant and tenant's family under the Section 8 voucher program.
- b. In case of any conflict between the provisions of the tenancy addendum as required by HUD, and any other provisions of the lease or any other agreement between the owner and the tenant, the requirements of the HUDrequired tenancy addendum shall control.

## 18. Changes in Lease or Rent

- a. The tenant and the owner may not make any change in the tenancy addendum. However, if the tenant and the owner agree to any other changes in the lease, such changes must be in writing, and the owner must immediately give the PHA a copy of such changes. The lease, including any changes, must be in accordance with the requirements of the tenancy addendum.
- b. In the following cases, tenant-based assistance shall not be continued unless the PHA has approved a new tenancy in accordance with program requirements and has executed a new HAP contract with the owner:
  - If there are any changes in lease requirements governing tenant or owner responsibilities for utilities or appliances;
  - If there are any changes in lease provisions governing the term of the lease;
  - (3) If the family moves to a new unit, even if the unit is in the same building or complex.
- PHA approval of the tenancy, and execution of a new HAP contract, are not required for agreed changes in the lease other than as specified in paragraph b.
- d. The owner must notify the PHA of any changes in the amount of the rent to owner at least sixty days before any such changes go into effect, and the amount of the rent to owner following any such agreed change may not exceed the reasonable rent for the unit as most recently determined or redetermined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.

#### 19. Notices

Any notice under the lease by the tenant to the owner or by the owner to the tenant must be in writing.

## 20. Definitions

**Contract unit**. The housing unit rented by the tenant with assistance under the program.

**Family**. The persons who may reside in the unit with assistance under the program.

**HAP contract**. The housing assistance payments contract between the PHA and the owner. The PHA pays housing assistance payments to the owner in accordance with the HAP contract.

**Household**. The persons who may reside in the contract unit. The household consists of the family and any PHA-approved live-in aide. (A live-in aide is a person who resides in the unit to provide necessary supportive services for a member of the family who is a person with disabilities.)

**Housing quality standards (HQS)**. The HUD minimum quality standards for housing assisted under the Section 8 tenant-based programs.

**HUD.** The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

**HUD requirements**. HUD requirements for the Section 8 program. HUD requirements are issued by HUD headquarters, as regulations, Federal Register notices or other binding program directives.

**Lease**. The written agreement between the owner and the tenant for the lease of the contract unit to the tenant. The lease includes the tenancy addendum prescribed by HUD.

PHA. Public Housing Agency.

**Premises**. The building or complex in which the contract unit is located, including common areas and grounds.

**Program**. The Section 8 housing choice voucher program.

**Rent to owner**. The total monthly rent payable to the owner for the contract unit. The rent to owner is the sum of the portion of rent payable by the tenant plus the PHA housing assistance payment to the owner.

**Section 8**. Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 United States Code 1437f).

**Tenant**. The family member (or members) who leases the unit from the owner.

**Voucher program**. The Section 8 housing choice voucher program. Under this program, HUD provides funds to a PHA for rent subsidy on behalf of eligible families. The tenancy under the lease will be assisted with rent subsidy for a tenancy under the voucher program.